WATER AFFORDABILITY

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Introduction

The water affordability analysis was made possible by having access to public data. These data are provided by:

- (1) the federal government
 - a. Census Bureau provides census data (household and income characteristics)
 - b. Bureau of Labor Statistics provides employment data
 - c. Environment Protection Agency provides Safe Drinking Water data (water system characteristics)
- (2) Individual states that provide geospatial service area boundaries for their water systems
- (3) Individual utilities that provide information on the rates they charge customers

The availability and ease of finding and accessing these data varies considerably. Once the data were collected, the spatial boundaries and rates data must be standardized into similar formats. The data census and water service data must also be spatially joined to estimate what water service rates apply to which households. Joining these data together enables us to calculate multiple affordability metrics for hundreds of utilities.

Aside from the effort of finding and standardizing rates data, the majority of the process has been automated. We are working on developing an online survey to allow others to enter rates data so that the rates database can be updated over time. Additionally, as years of data are added to the survey, a time series of rates will be built to show how rates are changing. The rates database will be open and available to the public and we encourage users to provide the website or source for which rates were found (recognizing many of the websites change and update over time).

Here, we describe the process of finding, accessing, and using the data to calculate affordability metrics (Figure 1). We have automated much of this effort to allow the dashboard to be continuously updated as new data become available. All scripts are written in R and are organized by whether the script is "access" ing data or "use" ing the data. The number refers to the order by which to run the script since some scripts depend on earlier stages being completed. If the numbers are the same they can be run in parallel and are not dependent on each other.

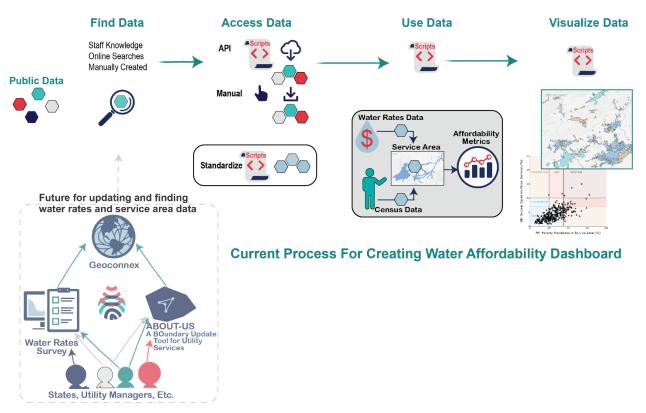


Figure 1. Process for finding, accessing, using and visualizing data in the water affordability dashboard. The continual updating and addition of new data will likely be through using tools currently in development by the Internet of Water.

Finding Data

To understand affordability, we must know something about the households and incomes in the communities being provided water services. Census data provides information regarding poverty, household income, and demographic characteristics. These data are accessed using the census API, with the exception of historic population data, which came from a manually download from https://www.nhgis.org/. In 2021, we used census data were ACS 5-year data for 2019. To find census data, you must know the variable names of interest. These names can be found here: https://api.census.gov/data/2019/acs/acs5/variables.html. The live version of the water affordability dashboard uses the 2019 data 5-year ACS data, and will be updated annually.

The development of this dashboard coincided with the COVID-19 pandemic, where large-scale unemployment took place quickly and for a sustained amount of time. We assume that as unemployment increases, the capacity for households where jobs were lost to pay for services will decrease. As such, we use data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics to understand how unemployment has changed in the counties intersecting water utility service areas.

A few states provide the service area boundaries of water service providers, particularly drinking water. The service area boundaries are essential to link the cost of providing services with the households served by a particular utility. Since the availability of service area boundaries is a limiting factor in where this approach can be applied, we experimented with using municipal boundaries as a proxy. At the request of stakeholders in Oregon, we used municipal boundaries as a proxy for the water service area; however, we hesitate to recommend such usage. While the boundaries might be accurate for some municipalities, many utilities have extended their service beyond municipal boundaries and/or do not serve all areas with a municipality.

Lastly, we were not able to find any publicly available rates data. The Environmental Finance Center at UNC and some states provide the estimated costs of service at certain levels of water usage. While this is certainly helpful, we thought it was important to build a database where users can see the underlying rate structures shaping those bill estimates. As such, we searched for rates data from utility websites, news articles, and bond documents to build the initial rates database. We are in the process of working with the <u>Internet of Water</u> at Duke University to develop open online tools that allow utilities or interested stakeholders to update rates, enter new rates, and modify or create service area boundaries. The overall process for creating and maintaining the affordability dashboard are showing in Figure 1 and the supporting data are described in Table 1.

 Table 1: Data descriptions and sources as of February 2021

Layer	Description	Source(s)
	-Service area boundaries for drinking	
	water systems	
Utility Spatial Data		
Manual	-OR (using municipal boundaries)	-OR: municipal boundary
	-TX	-TX boundaries
	-Service area boundaries for drinking	
Utility Spatial Data	water systems	
Automated	-CA	- <u>CA boundaries</u>
Automateu	-PA	- <u>PA boundaries</u>
	-NC	-NC: <u>ABOUT-US</u>
	Drinking water, wastewater, and	
Utility Rates Data	stormwater rates for utilities. These data	-See rates metadata for
Manual	were manually collected from utility	links
	websites	
	-County boundaries	-automated from census
	-Tract boundaries	арі
Census Spatial Data	-Block group boundaries	
Automated	-PA municipal boundaries	-PA: <u>PASDA</u>
	-NC municipal boundaries	-NC: <u>NC OneMap</u>
	-TX municipal boundaries	-TX: <u>TxDOT</u>
Census Spatial Data	Municipal boundaries	
Manual	-CA -OR	-CA: <u>NHGIS</u> places -OR: <u>NHGIS</u> places
	Census API in R Tidyverse	-OR. MIGIS places
	Tract: S1701_C01_042E	Poverty below 200% FPL
	S0101 C01 001E	Total Poverty Surveyed
	Block Group: B01001_001E	Total Population
	B19001 001E	Total Households
Census Attribute Data	B19013_001E	Median Income
Automated	B19001 group	Income brackets
	B06001 group	Age brackets
	B02001 group	Race groups
	B03001 group	Ethnic groups
	B25034 group	House age brackets
Bureau of Labor	Linomployment by county (currently	
Statistics Data	Unemployment by county (currently manual but I think can automate)	https://www.bls.gov/lau/
Manual/Automated		
EPA SDWA Data	EPA data on drinking water systems	EPA API
Automated	El A data on armining water systems	

Getting Started With Data

There are few things needed to get started.

Set up your folder structure

The easiest way to set this up is to clone the git hub folder: <u>NIEPS-Water-Program/water-affordability</u>: <u>Data and code supporting the water affordability dashboard (github.com)</u>.

The scripts to access and create files are dependent on a specific file structure (Figure 2).

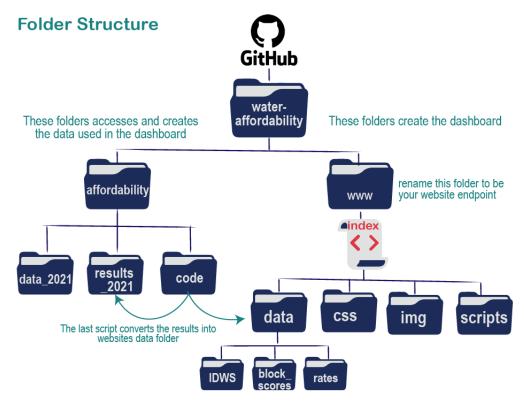


Figure 2: Folder structure needed for scripts to run propertly. The **affordability folder** contains all the code and data needed for the analysis. The **code folder** holds the R scripts access raw data and places those data in the **data_2021 folder**. The affordability metrics and analysis are placed in the **results_2021** folder. The affordability metrics and analysis are placed in the **results_2021** folder. The affordability metrics and analysis are placed in the **results_2021** folder. The **www folder** contains the files needed to create the dashboard. The last r script transforms the data in the **results_2021** folder into a simplified version located in the **www/data** folder of the dashboard. The **css** and **img folders** contain files that stylize the dashboard and provide static image. The **scripts folder** contains javascript files that read in data from the **data folder** to create the charts and maps displayed in the dashboard. The www folder is optional.

Install R and a Text Editor (if needed)

Install R.

To run the files in the rcode folder that will access and update data, you will need to install R.

You can install R for Linus, Mac, or Windows here: <u>https://cran.r-project.org/</u>

Install RStudio (optional)

Rstudio is a really helpful platform for running R and being able to visualize code and plots together. You can install R Studio Desktop here: <u>https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/</u> for windows or mac. You can run R through RStudio.

Install a Text Editor (optional)

If you want to recreate or modify the dashboard for your own purposes then you will need a text editor.

Any text editor will do, but Visual Studio Code (<u>https://code.visualstudio.com/</u>). This is a free software that has some nice features for debugging and testing changes on your computer before it is pushed to a server (check out the "Go Live" feature). The editor changes font color and spacing based on the type of file (.css, .js, and .html).

Another commonly used, free, open source text editor is notepad++: <u>https://notepad-plus-plus.org/downloads/</u>. Notepad++ also stylizes the text based on file type and can be used to make edits to these files. Additional packages can be downloaded for debugging, etc.

Get your own api keys for generating maps and accessing data

Census API Key

To access census data through an API you will need an api key. A census API key is free and can be requested here: <u>https://api.census.gov/data/key_signup.html.</u>

In the code folder, open the \code\global0_set_apis_libaries.R script and add your census api key: census_api_key("yourKeyHereBetweenQuotations", install=TRUE, overwrite=TRUE);

Mapbox API Key (optional)

If you want to create a map in your dashboard then you will need to obtain a mapbox api key. Mapox api keys are free and can be created once you have an account. For more information, go here: https://docs.mapbox.com/help/getting-started/access-tokens/

Copy and paste that token into your **www/index.html** file. Search for (ctrl+F) "mapoxgl.accessToken" and paste your token behind the equal sign.

Once these steps are completed, you are ready to start accessing data for your utilities of interest!

Accessing Data

Each year, create a new folder to hold data for that year. This way we can begin to build a historic database for water affordability. While the rates database will build over time, we may want to apply older service area boundaries reflective of what was current in a given year.

The folder structure should be:

- main folder (any name)
 - code (holds all R scripts described below)
 - o data_2021 (current year... next year we will add a data_2022 folder)
 - census_time
 - rates_data (these data were manually generated)
 - sdwis
 - results_2021 (current year... next year we will add a results_2022 folder)
 - sdwis

Each year, pull the most recent service area boundaries provided by states. This may require updating API links or a manual downloading data (Table 1). Ideally, shapefile boundaries will be more easily found and accessed via <u>Geoconnex</u>. Additionally, the rates database is currently manually being created and provided in Github. In the future, these rates data may be provided at a different location once the utility rate survey tool has been developed. There is also a 2 year lag with census data releases. So the rates and utility boundaries data provided in the 2021 folder are what are currently available (rates data and service area boundaries may not have changed for years), and the census data are from the 2019 5-year ACS survey. The overall process for accessing data is shown in Figure 3.

Running the code: loading libraries and variables used in several scripts

The first step is to run the \code\global0 set apis libaries.R script. The users will have to obtain their own census api key. A census API key can be requested here:

<u>https://api.census.gov/data/key_signup.html.</u> The user can also change the folder year and the census year of interest. This will set up where data, results, and files for the dashboard are saved. Make sure the data and results folders exist in the directory. The user may also need to update the list of states and their fips codes. These variables will be carried through all access and use scripts. The script also loads all libraries required for analysis. Users will need to install any missing libraries.

The scripts are labeled in the order they need to run. There are three groups of code:

- (1) The first script sets up the R environment, libraries, and variables needed to run all the other scripts.
- (2) The second group of scripts are called "access" and are designed to access and build the historic database. These scripts take longer to run and only need to be used when building the initial database.

(3) The third group of scripts are called "use" scripts. These scripts use the data. They also access new data since the last time the script was run. These scripts can be run on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis to keep update the data in the dashboard.

The first time you run the scripts or each year as census, boundaries and rates data are updated. You will also need to run all scripts if you add a new state.

→global0_set_apis_libraries.R

 \rightarrow access1_census_data.R \rightarrow access2_utility.data.R \rightarrow access3_bls_data.R \rightarrow access4_sdwis_data.R

Then you will need to run the use scripts to calculate statistics and generate files for the dashboard.

→use1_calculate_rates.R	→use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R
→use3_calculate_demographics.R	\rightarrow use4_create_files_for_dataviz.R \rightarrow

The last script (use4) is optional and only needed if you want to create a dashboard.

If you only need to update the files then you run the following scripts in this order:

→global0_set_apis_libraries.R

 \rightarrow access2_utility.data.R → needed to create inside-outside geographic areas. \rightarrow access3_bls_data.R → needed to periodically update the monthly unemployment data. \rightarrow use1_calculate_rates.R → use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R \rightarrow use3_calculate_demographics.R → use4_create_files_for_dataviz.R **Process to Access Data**

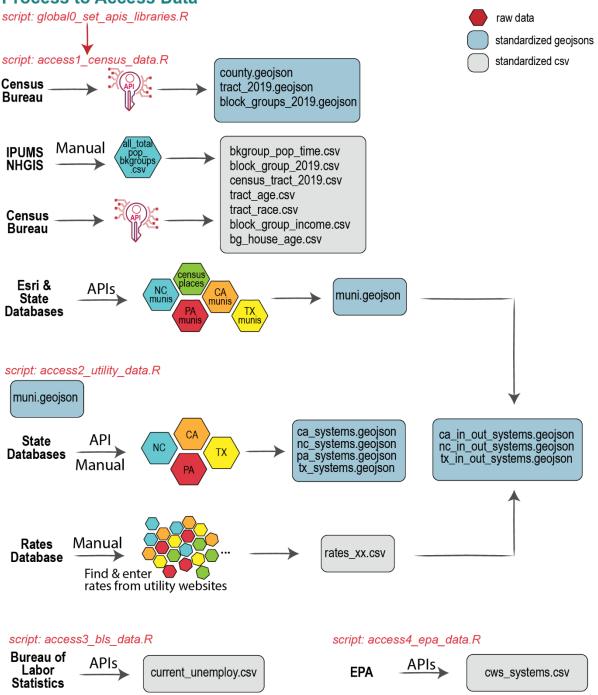


Figure 3. Flow diagram showing the process of obtaining data used to calculate affordability metrics.

0. Setting Global Variables and Directories (each time you run scripts)

In R studio, open global0_set_apis_libraries.R

- Add your census_api_key key to the script:
 - o census_api_key("yourKeyHereBetweenQuotations", install=TRUE, overwrite=TRUE);
- Add any states or state fips to the lists. You can find state fips codes here: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Federal_Information_Processing_Standard_state_code#FIPS_stat</u> <u>e_codes</u>. Make sure these are two digit characters, such as "06" and not "6".
- Change the selected.year to match the year of census data (usually a 2 year lag from current year)
- Change the folder.year variable to save the data in the correct folder (make sure the folder exists).
- If you change the folder directory names, updated the swd_data, swd_results, and swd_html paths to match desired folder structure.

1. Census Spatial and Demographic Data (Update Frequency: Annual)

Each year update the most recent county, municipal, tract, and block group files. It is unlikely these will change much, but good to confirm and necessary when adding data from new states not already included in the dashboard. The majority of this code is automated. In terms of variables, the 5-year ACS is updated annually, and so to we will update the demographic data annually. Be sure to keep previous versions in case there is interest in observing changes over time. Additionally, you may need to update links as they change over time.

Code location: <a>.codeaccess1_census_data.R

This code:

- (1) Update municipal boundaries by calling data from an ESRI API.
- (2) Uses the census api to read in county, tract, and block group shapefiles for selected year.
 - a. This code simplifies the county boundaries since they will not be used for analysis. The tract and block group files are NOT simplified now. A simplified version will be saved for the dashboard later.
- (3) Downloads most recent census data variables needed for analysis at the block group and tract scale.

	File Name	Description
Files needed	/data_2021/census_time/ nhgis0033_ts_geog2010_blck_grp.csv	Block group population for 1990, 2000, and 2010. Data were obtained from IPUMS NHGIS, University of Minnesota (<u>www.nhgis.org</u>). All states are included in this file.
	/data_2021/county.geojson	Used to create the county map layer
	/data_2021/muni.geojson	Used to create the municipal map layer
Files created	/data_2021/tract_2019.geojson	Used to intersect tract boundaries with utility boundaries to calculate affordability metrics and demographic attributes of age, race, and enthnicity.
	/data_2021/ block_groups_2019.geojson	Used to intersect block group boundaries with utility boundaries to calculate affordability metrics and demographic attributes of population, income, and housing age.
	/data_2021/or_systems.geojson	Used to create proxy utility boundaries for select municipalities in Oregon in the absence of utility service area boundaries
	/data_2021/census_time/ census_tract_2019.csv	Contains data on poverty survey and poverty prevalence used to calculate the poverty prevalence indicator
	/data_2021/census_time/ block_group_2019.csv	Contains data on population, households, and households by income bracket for calculating affordability metrics
	/data_2021/census_time/ bkgroup_pop_time.csv	Used to create time series of population change from 1990 to present in the utility service area
	/data_2021/census_time/	Used to create chart of household income
-	block_group_income.csv	distributions in the utility service area.
	/data_2021/census_time/	Used to create the chart showing population age
	tract_age.csv	in the utility service area
	/data_2021/census_time/	Used to create the chart showing the racial and
	tract_race.csv	ethnic distribution in the utility service area.
	/data_2021/census_time/	Used to create the chart showing the age of
	bg_house_age.csv	houses in the utility service area.

Table 2: Files Needed for access1_census_data.R and the Files Created by the Script

2. Utility Service Area Boundaries (Update Frequency: Annual)

The first step is to search state websites to see if new water service area boundaries or available (or if wastewater or stormwater boundaries become available). Update service area boundaries using the api or manual approach. Additionally, for some states that are amenable to using municipal boundaries as a proxy, we can create those boundaries (e.g. as done for Oregon). Eventually, water service area boundaries may be pulled from <u>Geoconnex</u> or <u>ABOUT-US</u>.

Code location: code/access2_utility_data.R

The code does the following:

- (1) Uses apis when available to read in most recent utility boundaries. Some shapefile boundaries may need to be manually downloaded (e.g. TX) or created from municipal boundaries when those are used as a proxy (e.g. OR).
- (2) Intersect and erase with municipal boundaries to create inside and outside areas for affordability calculations.
 - a. This applies to CA, NC, and TX where inside and outside rates were common.
 - b. To reduce the number of intersections, we load in the rates and apply the function to only those with inside and outside service areas. The rest are assigned "inside" rates to match the code for calculating affordability and rates later on.
 - c. The NC shapefile is problematic and difficult to automate. Several systems break the code because of spatial challenges and require additional ms_simplify() to work or set as "inside".

Table 3: Files Needed for access2_utility_data.R and the Files Created by the Script

	File Name	Description
Files	/data_2021/rates_data/ rates_xx.xlsx (where xx is the lower case state abbreviation)	Currently these are manually created spreadsheets containing information about rates. Here, the class category of "inside_outside" is used to define which water systems to intersect with municipal boundaries.
needed	/data_2021/muni.geojson	The municipal boundaries created in <u>access1_census.data.R</u> are intersected with utility service areas to estimate the geographic location for "inside" rates and "outside" rates.
Files created	/data_2021/xx_in_out_systems.geojson Where xx geojsons exist for ca, nc, and tx as of June 2021 /data_2021/xx_systems.geojson Where xx geojsons exist for ca, nc, pa, tx, and or as of June 2021.	The inside and outside shapefiles are used to calculate affordability metrics accounting for different rates and demographics. These geojsons are used to link rates data with the demographic data to calculate affordability metrics and create all charts.

3. BLS Unemployment Data (Update Frequency: bi-monthly)

BLS is somewhat sporadic on how frequently they update their county unemployment data. As long as we are interested in tracking COVID-19 impacts on unemployment, this should be updated bi-monthly. Once the acute phase has passed, we can change to updating annually and remove one of the graphics from the dashboard.

Code location: code\access3 bls_data.R

The code does the following:

(1) Download BLS county level unemployment data used to show how unemployment has changed over time and in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	File Name	Description
Files needed	/data_2021/census_time/ current_unemploy.csv	The BLS provides 14 months of county level data at a time. We began creating this file early in the pandemic (2020) and continually add new data.
Files created	/data_2021/census_time/ current_unemploy.csv	We add the new data and save over the file. This file is used to create the charts showing unemployment around utility service areas over time.

Table 4: Files Needed for access3_bls_data.R and the Files Created by the Script

4. EPA SDWIS Violations Data (Update Frequency: as needed)

EPA updates the Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) dataset daily and users can update the data as frequently as desired. More frequent updates may be desired if incorporating violations data.

Code location: <u>code\access4_epa_data.R</u>

The code does the following:

(1) Uses EPA's API to download EPA SDWIS data as needed (at least once a year) to obtain characteristics about water systems such as population served and ownership.

	File Name	Description
Files	Not dependent on any files	
needed	Not dependent on any mes	
		The SDWIS data is used to provide
Files	/data_2021/sdwis/	attributes such as population served
created	cws_systems.csv	(system size) and ownership type that are
		used to filter systems in the dashboard.

Summary of Scripts to Access Data

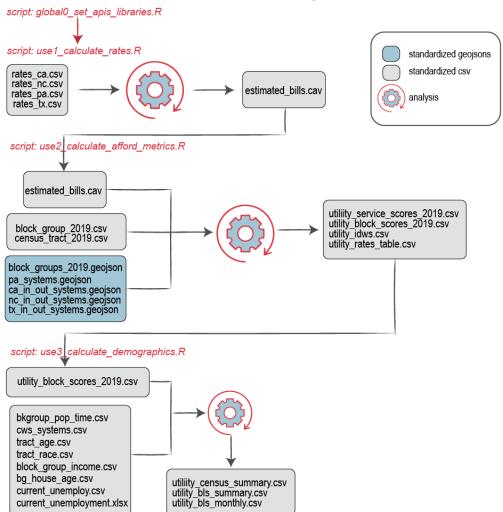
Table 6 summarizes the steps needed to access data. Most of this code is run annually or when new states or systems are added to the rates database.

Table 6: Code to access data used for analysis or to create the dashboard.

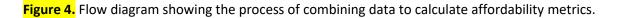
Data	Code Name	Automation	Time to Access	Update Frequency
Global variables	global0_set_apis_libraries.R	50% automated	1 minute	As needed
Census data	access1_census_data	95% automated	30 minutes	Annually
Utility service areas	access2_utility_data	95% automated	1 hour+	Annually
Unemployment	accoss? bls data	100%	5 minutes	Monthly or Bi-
data (BLS)	access3_bls_data	automated	5 minutes	monthly
SDWIS data (EPA)	accoss and data	100%	30 minutes	As needed
SDWIS Uala (EPA)	access4_epa_data	automated	50 minutes	As needed
Utility rates data	TBD	100%	5 minutes	As needed
	עסו	automated	5 minutes	ASTIEEUEU

Using the Data

Affordability metrics can now be calculated once data have been downloaded and put into a standardized format. The following use codes must be run in the correct order after running the script: <u>global0_set_apis_libraries.R</u>. Figure 4 shows the process for calculating affordability metrics.



Process to Use Data to Calculate Affordability Metrics



1. Calculating Rates for Each Service Area

The first step is to estimate the monthly and annual bill for customers in a utility by summing the service charge, volume charge, zone charge, and surcharges for each system. As the number of utilities increases, the time to run this code increases because we are estimating multiple bills for multiple utilities at multiple volumes. As such, we recommend users to only update the bills for those with new

rates. This can be done by adding a column to the rates data with the header "update_bill" and set the value to "yes" or "no". The code will only calculate new bills for "yes" and append them to the preexisting database. The full code should probably be run annually.

The script calculates the mean bill when a utility charges different rates within the service area. The one exception are inside and outside rates for each type of water service (drinking water, wastewater, and stormwater). We tally the number of water services provided in the service area because we are only including those utilities with both drinking water and wastewater services for comparing affordability metrics. The "total" service consists of water and sewer only (not stormwater) and is a remnant of an earlier version of the dashboard.

Code location: code/use1_calculate_rates.R

The code does the following:

(1) Pulls all state rates data and estimates the drinking water, wastewater, and stormwater monthly bills for 0 to 16,000 gallons of use at 1,000 gallon increments.

Table 7: Files Needed for use1_c	alculate rates.R and the	Files Created by the Script
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	File Name	Description
Files needed	/data_2021/rates_data/ rates_xx.xlsx (where xx is the lower case state abbreviation)	Used to estimates the average monthly bill for drinking water, wastewater, and stormwater services within the service area of the drinking water utility.
Files created	/results_2021/estimated_bills.csv	Estimates the bill at 1,000 gallon increments from 0 to 16,000 gallons. These data will be used to calculate affordability metrics in <u>use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R</u> .

2. Calculating affordability metrics for each service area

This script calculates several affordability metrics for each estimated bill and takes a long time to run as the number of utilities increase. We recommend running once a year with new census data and then updating or adding new utilities individually during the course of the year (code is set up to do that). This code attaches rates data to water systems using the pwsid and spatially intersects the water system with census block groups. The affordability metrics calculated are the traditional metric using median household income, the household burden using the 20th percentile income, the poverty prevalence, and the minimum wage hours. We calculate the minimum wage hours for inside and outside rate and use the average at the utility scale.

Code location: code\use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R

The code does the following:

- (1) Calculates affordability metrics based on census data, estimated bills, and utility service areas.
 - utility_rates_table.csv

	File Name	Description
	/data_2021/block_groups.geojson	Used to spatially intersect block group with utility service area boundaries to identify the block groups in the service area and link to the relevant income and household data.
	/data_2021/census/time census_tract_2019.csv	Contains the census poverty data for affordability metrics (obtained in access1 census data.R).
Files needed	/data_2021/census/time block_group_2019.csv	Contains the demographicdata needed to calculate affordability metrics (obtained in access1_census_data.R).
	/data_2021/xx_systems.geojson Where xx geojsons exist for ca, nc, pa, tx, and or as of June 2021.	These geojsons are used to link rates data with demographic data to calculate affordability metrics and create all charts (obtained in <u>access2_utility_data.R</u>).
	Manually update the minimum wages for each state to reflect the year of interest (selected.year or folder.year)	Used to calcualte the Minimum Wage Hours affordability metric.
Files created	/results_2021/ utility_service_scores_xxxx.csv where xxxx is the selected.year (census year)	Contains all estimated affordability metrics for each utility service area.
	/results_2021/ utility_block_scores_xxxx.csv where xxxx is the selected.year (census year)	Contains all census based estimated affordability metrics for individual blocks within ther service area.
	/results_2021/utility_idws.csv	Contains the estimated percent of households in each utility spending between 1 to 20% of their income on water services (broken into inside and outside estimates where relevant).
	/results_2021/utility_rates_table.csv	Reshapes the estimated_bill.csv and keeps those with sufficient data to calculate affordability metrics.

Table 8: Files Needed for use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R and the Files Created by the Script

3. Compiling demographic data for each service area

This code pulls the block groups and census tracts with water service areas together to create the demographic charts in the data visualization. Data are summarized at the block group, tract and county scale. None of these data are weighted by percent of overlap with service area, but represents general demographics within and surrounding the utility.

• Creates tables for census tab

- Population over time (block group)
- Unemployment (county)
- Age (tract)
- Race (tract)
- Income distribution (block group)
- Household age (block group)

Code location: code/use3_calculate_demographics.R

The code summarizes demographic characteristics within and near the utility service area.

Table 9: Files Needed for use3_calculate_demographics.R and the Files Created by the Script

	File Name	Description
	/data_2021/census_time/	Time series of population change from 1990
	bkgroup_pop_time.csv	to present (see <u>access1_census_data.R</u>).
	/data_2021/census_time/	Number of households by income bracket
	block_group_income.csv	(see <u>access1_census_data.R</u>).
	/data_2021/census_time/	Number of people in age brackets (see
	tract_age.csv	access1_census_data.R).
	/data_2021/census_time/	Number of people in race and ethnic census
	tract_race.csv	categories (see <u>access1_census_data.R</u>).
	/data_2021/census_time/	Number of households by decade (see
	bg_house_age.csv	access1_census_data.R).
Files	/data_2021/census_time/	Annual unemployment by county from 1990
needed	county_unemployment.xlsx	to 2019 as downloaded from the BLS.
necucu	/data_2021/census_time/	Monthly unemployment by county from 2020
	current_unemploy.csv	to present (see <u>access3_bls_data.R</u>).
	/results_2021/	Contains the percent area each block group
	utility_block_scores_xxxx.csv	overlaps with the utility. This is used to weight
	where xxxx is the selected.year	the demographic data in the service area (see
		use2_calculate_afford_metrics.R.).
	/results_2021/sdwis/cws_systems.csv	The population estimate is used to adjust the
		estimate obtained using census data. This
		adjustment was particularly important for
		geographically small systems (see
		access4 sdwis data.R).
		Contains summaries of census data
	/results_2021/	(population, age, race, income, and housing
	utility_census_summary.csv	age) used to create demographic charts in the
Files		dashboard.
created	/results 2021/utility bls summary.csv	Contains the annual unemployment rate for
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	counties intersecting the utility service area.
		Contains the monthly unemployment rate for
	/results_2021/utility_bls_monthly.csv	counties intersecting the utility service area
		from 2020 onward.

4. Simplifying and saving csvs for a data visualization

This code simplifies geojson and csv files for the data visualization. This is how we simplified our code for the dashboard, but you may simplify and combine data in whatever fashion best suites your need.

Code location: code/use4 create files for dataviz.R

We created our dashboard using html, css, and javascript. Visit the github repository description to learn more.

Summary

The data and rcode used to for the PLOS One publication are provided in this repository.

The rates data, rcode, and data visualization are actively being developed. To see the newest version, please visit our github repository: <u>https://github.com/NIEPS-Water-Program/water-affordability</u>